PATENT COOPERATION TREAT

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference 66955-72057	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416								
International application No.	Yestern 1 City								
	International filing date (day/mo	onth/year) Priority date (day/month/year)							
PCT/SE2003/001134	27-06-2003	28-06-2002							
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC									
G05B 19/418, G05B 17/	02, G05B 11/32								
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Applicant									
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This report is the international pre- Authority under Article 35 and tra	 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 								
This REPORT consists of a total of		ling this cover sheet.							
This report is also accompanied by		g							
a (sent to the applicant	and to the International Bureau)	a total of sheets, as follows:							
sheets of the c	lescription, claims and/or drawin	gs which have been amended and are the basis of this report							
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		th this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes							
beyond the dis	sciosure in the international appli	cation as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the							
Supplemental	Box.	•							
b (sent to the Internation	nal Bureau only) a total of (indic	ate type and number of electronic carrier(s))							
	, containing a sec	mence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer							
readable form only, as Administrative Instruc	s indicated in the Supplemental F	lox Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the							
4. This report contains indications re									
<u> </u>	the report								
Box No. II Priority									
Box No. III Non-est	ablishment of opinion with regar	plishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability							
	unity of invention								
Box No. V Reasone	ed statement under Article 35(2) sility; citations and explanations	with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial							
Box No. VI Certain	documents cited	supporting such statement							
Box No. VII Certain	defects in the international applic								
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Date of submission of the demand	Date of	of completion of this report							
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23-01-2004	03-	09-2004							
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE									
Patent- och registreringsverket									
Box 5055									
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Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (January 2004)									

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/001134

Bo	x No. I	В	asis of the report			
1.	With	regard t	o the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless			
		This re	port is based on a translation from the original language into the following language is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of:			
ľ			international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b))			
			publication of the international application (under Rule 12.4)			
			international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)			
2.	•					
	\boxtimes	the int	ernational application as originally filed/furnished			
	Ш	the de	scription:			
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		pages*	as amended (together with any statement) under Article 10			
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3.		The am	nendments have resulted in the cancellation of:			
			the description, pages			
			the claims, Nos.			
			the drawings, sheets/figs			
			the sequence listing (specify):			
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):			
4.		This remade, s	port has been established as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below had not been since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure of filed and the disclosure			
			the description, pages			
			the drawings, sheets/figs			
			the sequence listing (specify):			
			any table(s) related to the sequence listing (specify):			
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			s, some or all of those sheets may be marked "superseded."			
OUL	エク1/11	EA/409	(Box No. I) (January 2004)			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/SE2003/001134

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1.	Statement			
	Novelty (N)	Claims Claims	3,5-10,15 1,2,4,11-14,16,17	 YES NO
	Inventive step (IS)	Claims Claims	1-17	 YES NO
	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims Claims	1-17	YES NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

Documents cited in the International Search Report:

D1: EP 0537041 A1 D4: US 5751582 A
D2: WO 0129630 A1 D5: US 5408405 A
D3: WO 9919780 A1 D6: JP 2002157003 A

Documents D5 and D6 define the general state of the art.

Document D1 discloses a method and an apparatus for monitoring and fault detection in an industrial process. The process involves a succession of stages (P1 to Pn), transforming a product from an initial stage to a final stage (Y0 to Yn). For each stage, a mathematical model of the process is used to calculate the state of the product. The model uses both measurement values from sensors and information from a previous process stage (see abstract).

Document D2 discloses a method for providing a process model for a material in a manufacturing process. The manufacturing of the material is done in several stages and each stage is modelled. The method includes the steps of receiving stress and distortion information of the material from a previous manufacturing process, and determining updated stress distortion information of the material from a process model for the present manufacturing process. The updated stress and distortion information is a function of the stresses distortions from the previous manufacturing Thereafter, the updated stress and distortion information of process. the material is provided to a subsequent manufacturing process (abstract; page 10, lines 4-23).

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Supplemental Box

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Document D3 discloses a method and a device for monitoring a process having at least two sub-processes. Multivariate models are used (abstract).

Document D4 discloses a method for controlling a plurality of parameters in a manufacturing process. The method in D4 has a feedback between the processes (column 8, lines 10-17; fig.4).

The claimed invention relates to a method and a device of monitoring and fault detection in industrial processes. More specifically, the claimed invention relates to a method of applying multivariate techniques in the sequential transfer of quality parameters by means of score values. The purpose is to monitor and detect faults at the earliest possible stage in a process chain.

Document D1 is considered to represent the closest prior art. Each process stage in D1 receives information from the previous process stage. This information is related to a multivariate model that is calculated for the previous process stage. Data, related to each process stage, is also collected. All the information, both received and collected, is then used in a multivariate model that represents the actual process stage (column 3, line 14-column 4, line 23). Also, note document D2, which discloses a process with several process stages. Each stage has a multivariate model.

Therefore, the invention according to claims 1, 13 and 16 lacks novelty.

In document D1, information is transmitted to a third process stage (fig.1). Process data is collected by sensors and the results are used in an on-line simulation of the whole process chain (abstract).

Therefore, the invention according to claims 2, 4, 11, 12, 14 and 17 lacks novelty.

Information of data feedback is common within the field of control engineering. For example, document D4 discloses an example of feedback between processes. It is therefore an obvious detail for a person skilled in the art to use feedback in the method and apparatus disclosed in D1.

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Consequently, the invention according to claims 3 and 15 is not considered to involve an inventive step.

The invention according to claims 6-10 differs from document

D1 in that the collected data is arranged in matrixes, where a first matrix contains process data and a second matrix contains quality data, that the sub-models are calculated using a "principal component analysis" like method (PCA) or a "PLS" like method, and that the results are plotted.

However, document D3 discloses a method for monitoring a process where multivariate models, based upon PCA and PLS methods, are used (page 11, lines 28-31). Further, process and quality variables are measured (page 8, lines 9-14) and the results are plotted (70 in fig.1; page 8, lines 21-23) in order to give the operators direct on-line information of the ongoing process.

A modification of the invention according to D1, with knowledge from document D3, would result in a method according to patent claims 6-10. Since both D1 and D3 relate to the same technical field, and no unexpected effect is obtained, the combination of what is known from D1 and D3 is considered obvious for a person skilled in the art.

The invention according to claims 6-10 is thus not considered to involve an inventive step.

Further, the subject matter of claim 5, i.e. the transferring of special quality parameters, is only considered as obvious to the skilled person.

Therefore, the invention according to claim 5 is not considered to involve an inventive step.

The invention is industrially applicable.